

ANNUAL POLICING PLAN
FOR THE YEAR 2018-19



DISTRICT NAROWAL

**District Police Officer,
Narowal.**

REFACE

Divine Order laid down in the Holy Quran being supreme and perpetual has remained practicable in all the eras of human history and will remain so for all times to come. According to the Holy Quran the forces of evil will dip operating parallel with the good but they would never dominate the later which will come out victorious ultimately. Police crime fighters as they are always rise to the occasion whenever there is injustice or peace and order of the society is disturbed. Struggle of Police for triumph of good knows no bounds, which is illustrated in glorious martyrdom of innumerable police officers for preservation of peace and order in the society. District Narowal enjoys special Honour and distinction in this regard as its top policeman, DPO, Tayyab Saeed Shaheed, exhibited unprecedented courage in taking the bull of desperadoes by horns and laid down his life fighting out crime. His martyrdom has left indelible mark on the policing history of the district.

Narowal was generally a low crime area. Ordinary theft or petty fighting was the main crimes of the area. But the last decade or so have seen an unprecedented growth in crimes of almost all categories. Poverty, unemployment, economic disparities and skewed distribution of recourses are the chief factors behind this crime increase. Geographical proximity with crime-infested districts of Sialkot, Gujranwala and Sheikhpura is yet another factor promoting crime. Alongwith number, the pattern of crime has also undergoing transformation i.e, from purely rural to somewhat urbanized one. The changing patterns in crime and overall shift in the structure of the society has added new dimensions to policing as well. Now the policing means much more than simple crime fighting. Increasing public awareness and growth of media has forced the Police to devise new ways and means to cope with new trends in public response to crime. In this context the role of Police has transformed from simple theft catchers to mediators, facilitators, and opinion makers, which is reflected in its annual policing plans as well.

The undersigned assumed the charge as District Police officer Narowal on 29.10.2018. Soon after the assumption of the charge particular attention was focused on the arrest of hardened criminals. Revolutionary steps have been taken to improve the I.T based policing. I.T & Rescue 15 has been much improved. Police Khidmat Centre has been inaugurated this district to provide speedy services to the citizens.

In this respect it is hearting to point out that the District Police have achieved unprecedented success to nab almost all the major masterminds of the criminal gangs.

Although no particular area or the district may be categorized as crime infested areas yet, some parts of P.S Saddar Narowal, P.S Zafarwal and P.S Saddar Shakargarh may be categorized as particularly crime prone. Certain deterrent measures have been adopted to frustrate the vicious designs of the criminals. In this respect patrolling in the urban areas and “Thikri Pehra” in the rural areas have been further intensified in order to thwart the onslaught of the criminals. Round the clock U.C squad remained in action to curb the crime. All out efforts

are underway to provide prompt justice to the aggrieved persons and to maintain Law & Order in the district.

The targets and priorities of the district Police particularly in rapid response, community policing, morale boosting, accountability, busting of gangs and fight against terrorism were achieved during the previous year 2018. The same spirit to combat lawlessness will continue in the year 2019 and supremacy of Law will be maintained at every cost. I pray to the Almighty Allah to bless the District Police with more zeal and zest so that they may deal with criminals, terrorists and evil forces of the society with our devotion and dedication.

NAROWAL DISTRICT A GENERAL PROFILE.

District Narowal came into existence on 1st July 1991. Although no documentary background of the district is available in the history yet certain indications as well as guideline regarding its creation as per aphorism of the eminent of the area is available. About 500 years ago in the era of Sikandar Lodhi in the year 1488, Hindues belonging to the Arya Tribe of District Multan embraced Islam at the hands of Habibullah Shah a saint of the area. Nar Sing of the said tribe met Shah Shamash Tabraiz as per direction of the said saint. Nar Sing being desirous to build a new city requested Shah Shamash Tabraiz to pray for the completion of his desire and noble task. Shah Shamash Tabraiz sent his own son alongwith said Nar Sing towards Narowal. The tribe of said Nar Singh stationed permanently in the vicinity of Narowal. Later on the city was gradually known as Narowal.

District Narowal was the sub-division of District Sialkot, which was declared as a district by the then Prime Minister of Pakistan during his visit to Narowal. In the year 1927 Narowal was established as sub-division of District Sialkot. With the inception of sub-division, certain officers as well as health units and railway station were established. In view of the significance, location and importance of the town, Narowal was connected with Sialkot, Amratsar and Pathan Kot (India) through railway track and as such the railway station was categorized as railway junction. Before the partition Zafarwal was the sub-division of district Gurdas Pur (India). In the year 1947 the said sub-division was amalgamated in the sub-division Narowal.

District Narowal is surrounded from its Eastern & Northern sides respectively with the Indian territory of Gurdas Pur, Amartsar, Jumu & Kashmir and Northwestern and Southern sides with District Sialkot, Gujranwala & Sheikhpura. Total population of the district is about 1.8 million.

Narowal is a non-industrial district. The main source of income of the people is agriculture. Holdings are not large therefore the financial condition of the general public is not solid. The youth segment of society is reluctant to follow farming as a profession. Since they do not find any alternative source of income, they engaged in criminal activities, such as theft, robbery, dacoity, motor vehicle snatching etc. Economic disparity breads crime against property.

District Narowal is adjacent to the Indian Territory and about 175 KM boarder belt segregate the Indian Territory from Pakistan. District police has close liaison with the Rangers as well as other intelligence agencies in order to prevent infiltration of saboteurs across the border. Due to the certain stringent precautionary measures no untoward incident of sabotage and religious terrorism across the border took place in the district. All the major events, which may jeopardize the law & order situation, have been tactfully and amicable resolved and as such the law & order situation remained well under the control of district police.

The major towns are Ahmad Abad, Baddomalhi, Kanjrur, Kot Nainan, Dudhu Chack, Pindi Bhothri, Darman and Talwandi Bhindran. Narowal district is spreading over an area of 2337 square Kilometers comprising of following three Tehsils.

- i. **Tehsil Narowal.**
- ii. **Tehsil Shakargarh.**
- iii. **Tehsil Zafarwal.**

DISTRICT PROFILE.

| | | |
|----|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Came into being | 01.07.1991 |
| 2 | Population | 18,36,150 |
| 3 | Police Sub-divisions | 04 |
| 4 | Revenue Sub-Divisions. | 03 |
| 5 | Police Stations | 14 |
| 6 | Police Posts | 05 |
| 7 | Area | 2337 (59 KM) |
| 8 | Villages | 1308 |
| 9 | Main Occupations | Agriculture/Trade |
| 10 | Literacy rate. | Male 60% Female 40% |

DETAIL OF CIRCLES.

| Circle Name | Police Stations | Name of Circle Officer |
|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Head Quarter Circle | 1. City Narowal | Vacant |
| | 2. Saddar Narowal | |
| Saddar Circle | 1. Ahmad Abad | DSP/SDPO Muhammad Jamil |
| | 2. Niddokey | |
| | 3. Baddomalhi | |
| | 4. Rayya Khas | |
| Zafarwal Circle | 1. Zafarwal | DSP/SDPO Khalid Mehmood Dar |
| | 2. Laiser Kalan | |
| Shakargarh Circle | 1. City Shakargarh | DSP/SDPO Khalil Ahmad Malik |
| | 2. Saddar Shakargarh | |
| | 3. Kot Nainan | |
| | 4. Noor Kot | |
| | 5. Shah Gharib | |
| | 6. Chak Amru | |

POLICE STATIONS.

| Sr. No. | Name of Police Stations. |
|----------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | City Narowal |
| 2 | Saddar Narowal |
| 3 | Zafarwal |
| 4 | Ahmad Abad |
| 5 | Niddokey |
| 6 | Baddomalhi |
| 7 | Rayya Khas |
| 8 | City Shakargarh |
| 9 | Saddar Shakargarh |
| 10 | Kot Nainan |
| 11 | Noor Kot |
| 12 | Shah Gharib |
| 13 | Laiser Kalan |
| 14 | Chak Amru |

POLICE POSTS.

| Sr. No. | Police Posts |
|----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Domala |
| 2 | Bara Manga |
| 3 | Chammal |
| 4 | Pindi Bhorl |
| 5 | Tapyala |

IMPORTANT TASKS PERFORMED BY THE POLICE CURING THE PRECEDING YEAR.

I. Crime.

- a) Comparative crime against persons under major heads of murder. Attempted murders. Hurts

| Sr. # | Heads | 2018 | 2019 | Increase | Decrease |
|-------|-----------------------|------|------|----------|----------|
| 1 | Murder | 14 | 12 | - | 2 |
| 2 | Attempt Murder | 41 | 25 | - | 16 |
| 3 | Hurt | 110 | 123 | 13 | - |
| 4 | Rape/Gang Rape | 15 | 9 | - | 6 |
| 5 | Kidnapping for Ransom | - | - | - | - |

- b. **Terrorism.** NIL

- c. Crime against property under major heads (dacoities, robberies, burglaries and thefts) for the period.

| Sr. # | Heads | 2018 | 2019 | Increase | Decrease |
|-------|--------------|------|------|----------|----------|
| 1 | Dacoity | 1 | 8 | 7 | - |
| 2 | Robbery | 36 | 63 | 27 | - |
| 3 | Burglary | 12 | 26 | 14 | - |
| 4 | Cattle Theft | 26 | 20 | - | 6 |
| 5 | Theft | 70 | 96 | 26 | - |

- d. **Auto Mobile Thefts.**

| Sr. # | Heads | 2018 | 2019 | Increase | Decrease |
|-------|------------|------|------|----------|----------|
| 1 | Auto Theft | 33 | 42 | 9 | - |

- e. **Damage to public property.**

- f. **Harassment of Children and Woman.**

| Sr.# | Heads | 2018 | 2019 | Increase | Decrease |
|------|----------------------|------|------|----------|----------|
| 1 | Hurt | 13 | 15 | 2 | - |
| 2 | Rape | 15 | 9 | - | 6 |
| 3 | Sodomy | 12 | 3 | - | 9 |
| 4 | Kidnapping/Abduction | 51 | 32 | - | 19 |

ii. **Action under Local & Special Laws.**

| Sr. # | Heads | 2018 | 2019 | Increase | Decrease |
|-------|---------|------|------|----------|----------|
| 1 | Weapons | 129 | 209 | 80 | - |
| 2 | Drugs | 340 | 261 | - | 79 |
| 3 | Misc. | 39 | 68 | 29 | - |

Preventive Measures.

| Sr.# | Heads | 2018 | 2019 | Increase | Decrease |
|------|----------------|------|------|----------|----------|
| 1 | 107/151 Cr.P.C | 621 | 996 | 375 | - |
| 2 | 55/109 Cr.P.C | - | 24 | 24 | - |
| 3 | 55/110 Cr.P.C | 29 | 89 | 60 | - |

Traffic.

| Sr.# | Heads | 2018 | 2019 | Increase | Decrease |
|------|-----------------------------|------|------|----------|----------|
| 1 | Number of Serious accidents | 21 | 11 | - | 10 |
| 2 | Number of persons killed | 21 | 12 | - | 9 |
| 3 | Number of person injured. | 13 | 13 | - | - |

Gangs Busted.

| Sr.# | Heads | 2018 | 2019 | Increase | Decrease |
|------|------------------------------|---------|---------|----------|----------|
| 1 | No. of Gangs | 15 | 17 | 2 | - |
| 2 | Gangsters involved | 63 | 65 | 2 | - |
| 3 | Gangsters arrested | 55 | 56 | 1 | - |
| 4 | Old cases traced | 65 | 35 | - | 30 |
| 5 | Fresh cases register | 64 | 65 | 1 | - |
| 6 | Value of property recovered. | 5053200 | 3533000 | - | 2020000 |

RECOVERED PROPERTY FROM GANGSTERS.

| Sr.# | Type of Vehicle | Recovery | |
|------|-----------------|----------|------|
| | | 2018 | 2019 |
| 1 | Cars | - | - |
| 2 | MCs | 14 | 11 |

| | | | |
|----------|---------------------|----|----|
| 3 | Mobiles | 16 | 32 |
| 4 | Watches | 2 | 1 |
| 5 | Computers & Cameras | 3 | 2 |
| 6 | Other Vehicles | 1 | 1 |
| 7 | Cattles | 4 | 5 |
| 8 | Gold Ornaments | 8 | 6 |
| 9 | Bicycle | - | - |

ILLICIT ARMS RECOVERED FROM GANGSTERS.

| Sr.# | Type of Vehicle | Recovery | |
|----------|-----------------|----------|------|
| | | 2018 | 2019 |
| 1 | K, Koves | - | - |
| 2 | Rifles | 1 | 2 |
| 3 | Gun 12 bore | 2 | 7 |
| 4 | Pistols | 28 | 32 |
| 5 | Revolvers | - | 2 |
| 6 | Carbines | 1 | - |
| 7 | Daggers | - | - |
| 8 | Cartridges | 12 | 25 |

POs Arrested. 01.01.2019 to 13.06.2019

| Sr.# | Heads | 2018 | 2019 | Increase | Decrease |
|------|------------------|------|------|----------|----------|
| 1 | Previous Balance | 491 | 666 | Increase | - |
| 2 | Added | 1044 | 740 | - | Decrease |
| 3 | Arrested | 710 | 590 | - | Decrease |
| 4 | Balance | 825 | 816 | - | Decrease |

CAs Arrested.

| Sr.# | Heads | 2018 | 2019 | Increase | Decrease |
|------|------------------|------|------|----------|----------|
| 1 | Previous Balance | 1051 | 852 | - | Decrease |
| 2 | Added | 659 | 836 | Increase | - |
| 3 | Arrested | 695 | 505 | - | Decrease |
| 4 | Balance | 1015 | 1183 | - | Decrease |

RESOURCES AVAILABLE.

a. Police strength under various heads.

| Rank | Sanctioned Strength | Present Strength |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| SSP | 1 | 1 |
| SP | 1 | 1 |
| ASsP/DSsP/SPOs | 5 | 3 |
| DSP/Legal | 2 | - |
| Inspector | 27 | 21 |
| Sub-Inspector | 72 | 72 |
| Lady Sub-Inspector | 2 | 2 |
| Asst. Sub-Inspector | 120 | 94 |
| Lady Asst. Sub-Inspector | 1 | 1 |
| Head Constable | 126 | 126 |
| Lady Head Constable | - | - |
| Constable | 1063 | 946 |
| Lady Constable | 20 | 18 |

TRANSPORT.

| Sr. No. | Type of vehicle | Available | Required | Shortage |
|----------------|------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1 | Cars | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | Jeeps | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | Pick-Up | 57 | 15 | 15 |
| 4 | Prison Van | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| 5 | Bus | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 6 | Ambulance | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 7 | Truck | - | 2 | 2 |
| 8 | Laboratory | 1 | - | - |
| 9 | Canteen | 1 | - | - |
| 10 | TO-Truck | - | - | - |
| 11 | Crane | - | - | - |
| 12 | M/Cycle | 68 | 50 | 50 |

COMMUNICATION.

| Sr. No. | Type of vehicle | Available |
|----------------|------------------------|------------------|
| 1 | H.F. Set | 7 |
| 2 | VHF Base Set | 19 |
| 3 | VHF Mobile Set | 124 |
| 4 | VHF Pocket Set | 145 |

TECHNOLOGY.

| Sr. No. | Type of vehicle | Available |
|----------------|------------------------|------------------|
| 1 | Computer P-IV | 5 |
| 2 | Photo copy machine | 1 |
| 3 | Rex Rotary | - |
| 4 | Exchange computer | - |
| 5 | Printer | 3 |
| 6 | Fax Machine | 2 |

TRANSPORT.

| Sr.# | Type of Vehicle | Available |
|-------------|------------------------|------------------|
| 1 | Staff Cars | 1 |
| 2 | Truck | - |
| 3 | 54 Seater bus | 2 |
| 4 | Mobile canteen | 1 |
| 5 | Jeep | 3 |
| 6 | Pick Up Double cabin | 2 |
| 7 | Pick Up | 57 |
| 8 | Prisoner Van | 4 |
| 9 | Ambulance | 1 |
| 10 | APC | - |
| 11 | Motor Cycles | 68 |
| 12 | Mini Bus | - |

TARGETS TO BE ACHIEVED

The Narowal Police has fixed some priorities in order to gear up the performance of the District Police for the year of 2017-2018. Industrious efforts were made to achieve the goal and it is worthwhile to mention here that District Police during the above period under reference tried its best to achieve the target and almost succeeded. In the same way during the year 2018-2019, following operational and administrative targets have been fixed in order to control the crime and criminals as well as to improve the working of the District Police.

OPERATIONAL TARGETS.

A. OPERATIONAL PLAN.

- i. Information collection about criminals.
- ii. Monitoring their activities by police personnel in civies.
- iii. One information from every uniform person in every month about criminals are being collected and action is followed.
- iv. To reduce crime by making CIA more functional/operational.
- v. Compromise in old enmity between the parties through police officers with the help of members of crime control committees.
- vi. Campaign against without number vehicles to reduce the crime.
- vii. Random raids at the hideout of criminals.
- viii. Effective ban on display of weapons.
- ix. Arrest of PO's and CA's especially top 20.
- x. Special campaign again cattle theft.
- xi. Action against use of load speaker.
- xii. Special campaign against criminal record holders.
- xiii. Ban against chanda collection for prescribed orignations.
- xiv. Deployment of police personnel at Banks, Money changers post offices and Key installation
- xv. Monitoring of criminals through CCTV cameras especially at place of public gathering.
- xvi. Free registration.
- xvii. Strict instructions have been issued for finalization of investigation within the stipulated period.
- xviii. Special security plan for Moharram ul Harram and Ramzan ul Mubarak have been launched to avoid.
- xix. Any untoward incident.
- xx. Well reputed staff has been deputed in investigation to achieve the target of fair and speedy investigation.
- xxi. Strict action against Qabza group.
- xxii. Reduces case of Murder, Attempt to murder and Hurt.

xxiii. Busting of gangs.

ADMINISTRATIVE TARGETS.

- i. Deployment of experience, professional and seasoned police officers, as SHOs.
- ii. Close liaison with the other intelligence agencies in order to effective combat with the menace of terrorism.
- iii. Computerization of the record.
- iv. Improvement in accountability.
- v. Effective use of ATA cell to deter terrorism.
- vi. SOP has been issued for proper security of foreigners.
- vii. All the Patrolling vehicles have been monitoring through tracker system installed at DPO office.
- viii. IAD.
- ix. Special campaign has been launched in the district to improve the *Thana* cultures.
- x. Special focus has been drawn to insure the merits during new recruitment.
- xi. Special capacity building and refresher courses have been arranged to upgrade the training standard of the police force.
- xii. Special focus regarding welfare of police force including retired personnel and heirs of martyred.

DOCUMENTATION OF THE PUNJAB GOVERNANCE PROGRAMME.

- i. Holding of regular open Katchehries.
- ii. Establishment of complaint cell.
- iii. Establishment of model police stations.
- iv. Installation of trackers in official vehicles to monitor their movements.
- v. Union council based system.
- vi. Reconciliation committees.
- vii. Accountability of police personnel.
- viii. Zero tolerance of corruption.
- ix. Holding of investigating courses.
- x. Citizen Police Liaison committee.
- xi. Police welfares i.e. Hospital, Mess, Library, Mosques, Redressal Grievances, distribution of Investigation Bags, Renovation of Police Buildings.
- xii. Selection of target cases for speedy trial.
- xiii. Emphasis on preventive, proactive and pre-emptive policing.
- xiv. Reporting rooms.
- xv. Effective campaign/strategy to arrest the top 20 Pos.
- xvi. Operation cleans up in crime infested areas.
- xvii. Introduction of Tehkhri para.

- xviii. Ladies complaint cell in model Police Stations.
- xix. Holding of criminal district coordination meeting with judges/prosecutors.

Terrorism:-

The event of 9/11 and developments henceforth have added new dimensions to terrorist activities and suicide attacks as a result of which the police forces in the world are facing this phenomenon, which is difficult to tackle. However, Narowal police is also facing a challenge of combating other forms of terrorism. By the grace of Almighty Allah, no incident of such type has been taken place in the district so far.

VVIP/FOREIGNERS SECURITY.

The District Police has deep concern with the security of VIP/VVIPs as well as Foreigners. It is worthwhile to mention here that temple of Baba Guru Nanak is situated in district Narowal and followers of Baba Guru Nanak gathered here from different parts of the world and District Police is providing fool proof security arrangements to them. The District Police also vigilantly furnishing security to elective representative as MPAs, MNAs including Ministers. The Narowal Police is not ignorant to the security of foreigners they are working here as experts in various projects.

Murder:-

The state of crime under this head has been fluctuating during the last five years. The figure under this head was 65 in 2014, 43 in 2015, 38 in 2016, 41 in 2017, 42 in 2018 and 12 in 2019. Keeping in view the geography of the area, it is not an alarming situation, but this crime can be reduced through effective and efficient preventive action and increased detection of crime.

Attempted Murder:-

There has been increase under this head, during last five years. In the year 2014 it was 123, in 2015 it was 72, year 2016 59, 2017 it was 64, 2018 it was 79 and 2019 it is 25.

Hurt.

This is the major crime of the District, it has shown gradual increase during the last five years. As reported cases under this head were in 2014-413, 2015-307, 2016-362, 2017-385, 2018-298 and 2019-123.

The main reasons for the increase of this crime were:-

1. Grave and sudden provocation.
2. Petty dispute.
3. Egoism.
4. Illiteracy.

5. Dispute over property/land.

To reduce this crime following methodology would be pursued:-

1. Adopting adequate preventive measures in cases involving previous animosity.
2. Advance information regarding likely clash between rival parties.
3. Proper monitoring of the performance of beat officer and DFCs.
4. Identify old enmities/disputes and meaningful efforts be made in this context to settle the core issues.
5. Constitute Masalihatee Committees at Union at Union Council level.
6. Carrying out effective patrolling, taking timely preventive action and involving community in problem solving at police station level.

Accidents:-

Fatal accidents have shown gradual decrease as reported cases were 24 in 2014, 52 in 2015, 45 in 2016, 36 in 2017, 60 in 2018 and 11 in 2019. The non-fatal accidents have, however, remained almost constant. Such cases can be reduced by making the Traffic Police more vigilant and efficient. It is hoped that the initiative in form of “Model Traffic Police” will help a lot in decreasing the accident rate in District Narowal. Stern action would be taken against the over-speeding vehicles. Moreover, efforts have been made to widen the Shakargarh-Sialkot and Lahore road as majority of fatal accidents occur on it.

Dacoity:

Incidents of Dacoity have shown fluctuation during the last five years. These were 24 in 2014, 11 in 2015, 05 in 2016, 05 in 2017, 07 in 2018 and 08 in 2019. Many factors contribute for committing this heinous crime. Some of the major causes are listed below:-

Easy availability of weapons.

Unemployment.

Promotion of materialism through media.

This crime can be reduced through effective patrolling, busting of gangs, use of modern techniques, and involvement of community.

Robbery:-

Incidents of robbery has shown an increase during the period under review as reported cases were 83 in 2014, 88 in 2015, 92 in 2016, 111 in 2017, 136 in 2018 and 63 in 2019. Narowal Police carries huge responsibility of reducing this crime by effective patrolling, busting of gangs, prompt arrest of offenders, and involvement of community.

Kidnapping/abduction:-

This crime remained more or less fluctuating during the last five years. However this crime showed overall decrease. Reported cases were 159 in 2014, 103 in 2015, 104 in 2016, 126 in 2017, 149 in 2018 and 32 in 2019. Narowal Police has devoted special attention to this menace. Since Narowal is an industrial city, therefore, the crime has every likelihood to thrive Narowal Police deserves credit for dealing criminal with an iron hand.

Motor vehicle theft:-

This crime has also shown fluctuation during the last five years as 76 cases were reported in 2014, 67 in 2015, 63 in 2016, 111 in 2017, 106 in 2018 and 42 in 2019. It will not be wrong to say that this has become the most organized crime of the district and a large number of gangs are involved in it. Important factors that contribute to the increase in motor vehicle theft are as follow:-

Insecured parking at commercial centers, kethehries, and outside the house.

Proximity to NWFP and Azad Kashmir.

Increased number of Vehicles because of leasing facility.

This crime can be reduced by adopting following measures:-

Involvement of community.

Installation of security systems in the vehicles.

Establishment of regular parking areas by T.M.A

Use of modern techniques like cameras/CCTVs.

Establishment of city checking posts at all exit points.

Busting of organized gangs.

Arms:-

In terms of registration, this is the major crime of the district. Reported cases were 573 in 2014, 535 in 2015, 391 in 2016, 296 in 2017, 357 in 2018 and 209 in 2019. An operation clean up is proposed against the illegal arms dealers in the District. A close eye would be kept on the sale/purchase bargain of these dealers every fortnightly.

SERVICE DELIVERY PRIORITIES.

PROTECTING PROPERTY OF CITIZENS OF NAROWAL.

Key actions to meet the objectives and deliver targets.

Use existing and new intelligence systems to redirect patrolling.

Preventive initiatives.

Progressive crime reduction, preventive indicatives and advice to motorists.

Work with other agencies such as police forces of other areas.

Encourage installation of security systems in vehicles.

Keeping under constant review and close supervision the working under this head in respect of Police Stations City, Saddar.

Key actions to meet the objectives and deliver targets.

Systemic and focused patrolling of the area.

Developing close liaison with community for awareness and passing on information to police.

Preventive action based upon surveillance of bad characters of the area spreading human intelligence network.

Keep under constant review and close supervision the working this head in respect of Police Stations City, Civil Line, Saddar Narowal.

PREVENTIVE MEASURES TO AVERT INCIDENTS OF CRIME AGAINST PROPERTY AND PERSONS.

CRIME AGAINST PROPERTY:-

Following measures would be adopted for the prevention of crime against property. These measures are not specifically meant for crime against property but include other crimes also:-

1. UNION COUNCIL NETWORK.

Union Councils are divided in beats and Two Motorbike (rider Squads) are allocated to each union Council. These Motor Bike Squads are known as UC Squad. A network of this system has been established in all 124 union council of the district in order to prevent crime particularly under the head of violent crime against property. One upper subordinate, four constables, two motorcycles, 2 SMG Guns, 2 Pistols, One wireless set have been provided each to all the 124 Union councils of the district. The armed UC Squads conduct patrolling in the jurisdiction of the respective union councils. They collect valuable secret information regarding

the movement of PO, CAs, TOs and MDs in their respective jurisdiction. Efforts would be made to enhance efficiency and effectiveness of the network to its maximum.

2. Particular emphasis has been focused on patrolling on official. Shift wise patrolling in the urban and rural areas is conducted. Previous criminal record reveals that majority of the occurrences of violent crime against property took place between 4pm to 3 am. Patrolling on official vehicles all out the district is being made in the above peak hours.
3. "Thekere Pehra" will be introduced in the rural areas. It will be supervised by Beat officers of the concerned Police Station. There is no denying the fact that Tekri Pehra is highly important in preventing rural crimes particularly cattle theft.
4. Movements of previous record holders are being regularly monitored by the respective police stations.
5. Suspected persons are being interrogated and their physical remand obtained u/s 54 Cr. P.C. if reasonable suspicion exists against them.
6. Cases of robberies and dacoits are being vigorously perused in the courts. Maximum punishments in the cases where the prosecution witnesses support the prosecution will be obtained.
7. History sheets of all the previous record holders have been prepared and would be updated on regular basis.
8. Pos of the district have been individually distributed among the beat officers for their early arrest.
9. Random and regular raids on the residence of declared and suspected criminals with be carried out.
10. General hold up at strategic points are being regularly conducted to nab the criminals in surprise and recover the stolen articles.
11. SOS calls are being made off and on in order to assess the efficiency and potential of the force to chase the target.
12. District Police has constant liaison with the superintendent jail. Complete antecedents of the bailed out criminals are obtained for their strict surveillance.

Crime against person.

1. Complete or incomplete challans of the cases are being submitted in the courts within mandatory period of 14 days as envisaged in section 167 Cr. P.C.
2. Old enmities exists among the people of subdivisions. Proceedings u/s 107/151 Cr.P.C. will be promptly invoked where apprehension of further escalation of tension or reasonable ground exists that any party may jeopardize the peace.
3. Certain stringent measures in order to safeguard the life, honor and property of the people have been adopted. Particular attention has been diverted to bound down the notables of rival parties against the heavy amount and sureties under section 107/151 Cr. P.C.

4. Vigorous prosecution of cases are being made in the courts for getting maximum punishments. Parties involved in cases under the head of crime against persons bridge their differences during the pendency of case, consequently, accused get acquittal due to compromise. The codified law has also extended certain concessions to the accused and hence sometimes the accused are acquitted in view of the certain material discrepancies in the statements of the witnesses. Efforts would be made to ensure punishments to accused.
5. Cancellation of licensed weapons used in the occurrences is being made promptly.

MEASURES TO STOP ROAD ACCIDENTS AS WELL AS OTHER INFRINGEMENTS OF TRAFFIC RULES.

Following actions would be ensured:-

1. Vehicles involved in accidents are impounded promptly.
2. Cancellations reports of driving licenses of the drivers involved in fatal accident would be immediately sent to the concerned department.
3. Awareness campaign regarding traffic rules among masses would be initiated.
4. Heavy fines be imposed for deterrent impact.

PREVENTIVE MEASURES TO STOP ESCAPE FROM POLICE CUSTODY.

1. Police force including Elite is deployed as escort the vehicles of under trail accused persons during their production in the criminal courts at Shakargarh, Zafarwal as well as district Head Quarters Narowal.
2. Wireless fitted vans transport the under trail accused from district jail Sialkot to the concerned criminal courts of the district.
3. All the SDPOs and SHOs of the District have been directed to deploy armed police personnel at "Havalats" in order to minimize the incidents of escape of the accused.

LOCAL & SPECIAL LAWS.

Objective: To increase police activity in taking cognizance in genuine cases under local and special laws.

Key actions to meet the objectives and deliver targets.

Activation of police force to increase activity regarding taking cognizance under the law.

To monitor periodically activity under local and special laws in respect of all police stations of the district.

The offences falling under arms ordinance, CNSA, prohibition order, gambling act would be curtailed by timely/prompt action. The habitual offenders act, gonda ordinance, preventive action u/s 55/109, 55/110, 107/150, 107/151 Cr. P.C. would be initiated for the purpose.

RECOVERY OF TEMPERED VEHICLES AND STOLEN PROPERTY.

Objective:- To increase recovery of tempered case and stolen property.

Key actions to meet the objectives and deliver targets.

Increase police mobility at all entry and exit points of Narowal.

Intelligence gathering and sharing of information to fulfill the targets. Increased surveillance of habitual offenders.

FOOL PROOF SECURITY ARRANGEMENTS AT RELIGIOUS GATHERINGS/PUBLIC MEETINGS.

In order to ensure law & order and protection of participants at all religious/public gathering following methodology would be adopted:-

Detailed contingency plan would be prepared for Law & Order situations arising out of Sectarianism/inter-faith issues/blasphemy or any other issue having religious connotation.

In order to associate different opinion leaders, meetings with religious leaders/Ulemas/Mashaikh/Professionals/Businessmen/persons integrity etc would be regularly held. The Peace Committees would be constituted representing people having good judgment who command respect and have effective following in their communities.

Seminars/Conferences on religious harmony at local level would also be arranged to bring communities in harmony.

Meeting of Inter-faith Harmony Committees would be held regularly to bridge the gap between different religious communities.

Monthly Meetings to review Law & Order situations would be held without fail.

The activities of Khatib, fanning, hatred would be effectively checked and discussed during Monthly Law & Order meetings.

Prompt action would be initiated in cases of miss-use of loudspeaker and reviewed during monthly Law & Order Meetings.

Action against the distribution of hate – literature, and appearing of wall-chalking against different sects would be reviewed regularly.

The venue of religious public gatherings would be protected by deploying uniformed/plan clothed armed Police personnel.

The management of religious gatherings would be asked to deploy their volunteers at the entry-points of venue in order to check the suspicious elements.

Metal detectors would be invariably used.

The management of religious gatherings would be asked to restrict the entry/exit points, so that the checking process could easily be performed.

The management of gathering would be asked to bound down the guests/scholars to avoid indulgence in sectarianism.

RESOURCES AVAILABLE TO DISTRICT POLICE NAROWAL

A) ARMS & AMMUNITIONS:

ARMS / AMMUNITION.

Details of arms/ ammunition and Anti-Riot/Security Equipment available to the Narowal Police are as under:

| Sr. No | Kind of weapon | Total | Ammunition available in Kot. |
|---------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. | Rifle G-3 | 23 | 4970 |
| 2. | Rifle SMG | 69 | 30518 |
| 3. | Rifle MP-5 | 46 | 25103 |
| 4. | Revolver 38 bore Special | 05 | 912 |
| 5. | Revolver 455 bore | 17 | 1000 |
| 6. | Rabbar Bullet | - | 1068 |
| 7. | Jacket Bullet Proof | - | 123 |
| 8. | Pump Action 12 bore | 49 | 8392 |
| 9. | Rifle 22 bore | 8 | 810 |
| 10. | Rifle Muscat 410 bore | 107 | 700 |
| 11. | Grenade Launcher | 35 | - |
| 12. | Breta Pistol | 89 | - |

ANTI-RIOT/SECURITY EQUIPMENT.

| Sr.# | Name of Equipment | No. of Equipment. |
|-------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | Anti-Riot Shield | 305 |
| 2 | Bamboo Lathi/ lathi bance | 95 |
| 3 | Polo-stick | 189 |
| 4 | Mega Phone | 02 |
| 5 | Loudspeaker | 01 |
| 6 | Metal detector | 104 |
| 7 | Gas Mask | 51 |
| 8 | Night Vision Device | - |
| 9 | Rubber Bullets. | 1068 |
| 10 | Bullet Proof Jacket | 123 |
| 11 | First-Aid-Box | - |
| 12 | Bandoliers | - |
| 13 | Rubber Bullet-Gun | 49 |
| 14 | Tear gas Grenade | 50 |
| 15 | Launcher Grenade Gun | 35 |
| 16 | Plastic Helmet | 347 |
| 17 | Fiber Glass Helmet | - |

The importance of policing in present day's rapidly changing environment calls for increased and efficient service to the people hence provision of appropriate security cover cannot be under estimated. Police Performance today is being assessed, evaluated, and analyzed by the demanding public and critical media. Therefore, it is essential that the traditional methods of policing should gradually be replaced by scientific and organized study of crime and in accordance with needs and expectations of the society. This paradigm shift in attitudes and methods is only possible if policing is not haphazard or wayward but is based on a well considered plan focused on measurable targets along with the action plan to achieve the specified objectives.

Police Order 2002 has made it mandatory for the Head of the district police to chalk out annual policing plan in the light of prevalent crime and visible trends by setting up measureable goals and objectives. It clearly determines priorities that shall be addressed during the next twelve months. These priorities have been set while taking into consideration a wide ranging agenda for the district police with the aim of providing improved service for making Narowal district safer to the people.

Our aim is to attain excellence for the Narowal Police by establishing rule of law, ensuring human rights, and providing relief to the citizens against the activities of the criminals. These objectives cannot be achieved by the police effort alone unless it is supplemented by wielding a meaningful Police-public co-operation.

With limited resources, the Narowal police is striving to deal with multifarious problem and given the needed recourses it will give a better result of its performance during the next twelve months by providing better service delivery to the people and controlling increasing incidents of crime.
